CDC offers the following checklist to share ways employers can protect construction workers, and slow the spread of COVID-19. This tool aligns with <u>What Construction Workers Need to Know about COVID-19.</u>

Hazar	rd Assessment			
	Conduct a <u>hazard assessment</u> to determine potential sources of exposure to SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), such as close contact with a coworker or member of the public with COVID-19.	Name of hazard assessment point person(s):		
	 Utilize the <u>COVID-19 exposure control planning tool</u>. Check where your employees could be exposed to SARS-CoV-2 and the control measures in place to mitigate potential exposure. Check appropriate procedures for CDC <u>screening</u> employees and dealing with <u>sick</u> or exposed workers. 	Contact information:		
	 Consider incorporating a tiered <u>testing strategy</u> for COVID-19. 			
Controlling and Prevention				
	 Implement the appropriate <u>hierarchy of controls</u>, including elimination, substitution, engineering and administrative controls, and personal protective equipment (PPE) selected as a result of an employer's <u>hazard assessment</u>. Implement engineering controls wherever possible (e.g., physical barriers/shields to separate workers, enhanced ventilation). Implement administrative controls wherever possible (e.g., staggering work shifts, limiting breakroom capacity, practicing <u>social distancing</u>, ensuring workers wear face <u>masks</u>). Encourage appropriate PPE, identified through hazard assessments and in accordance with <u>OSHA's standards</u> at 29 CFR 1910, Subpart I, and OSHA and CDC guidance on use of PPE. (<i>Note: face masks are not PPE and should not be used in place of respiratory protection</i>). 			
Promoting Social Distancing and Face Masks				
	Implement <u>social distancing guidelines</u> that includes keeping at least 6 feet (2 arms' length) distance between yourself and others, and implement <u>face masking guidelines</u> . • Post signage reminding personnel to maintain at least six feet between one another.			
Clean	ing, Disinfection, and Hand Hygiene			
	 Implement hand hygiene and cleaning/disinfection procedures: Provide soap, water, and paper towels for workers, and visitors to wash their hands, and encourage frequent and proper (for at least 20 seconds) handwashing. Provide hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol and encourage workers to use it frequently when they cannot readily wash their hands. Identify high-traffic areas and surfaces or items that are shared or frequently touched, that could become contaminated. Target them for enhanced cleaning and disinfection using EPA-registered disinfectants. 			
Mana	ging Sick Workers			
	 Identify and isolate sick employees including practices for worker self-misolating and excluding from the workplace any employees with sympto family member with COVID-19. Employees who appear to have symptoms upon arrival at work of the day should immediately be separated from other employees, sent home. 	<u>ms</u> of COVID-19 or having a r who become sick during		

CONSTRUCTION COVID-19 SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR EMPLOYER

	• Have a procedure in place for the safe transport of an employee who becomes sick while at			
	work. The employee may need to be transported home or to a healthcare provider.			
	Be familiar with <u>local COVID-19 testing sites</u> in the event your employee(s) develops symptoms.			
	These may include sites with free testing available.			
	Inform employees of their possible exposure to COVID-19 in the <u>workplace</u> but maintain			
	confidentiality. Workers with <u>close contact</u> (within six feet for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or			
	more over a 24-hour period) to a person with COVID-19 should <u>quarantine</u> for 14 days after last			
	exposure. (Although CDC continues to recommend a 14-day quarantine, <u>options</u> are provided to			
	shorten the quarantine period to after Day 7 or after Day 10 based on certain conditions.)			
	Quarantine keeps someone who <i>might have been exposed</i> to the virus away from others. Follow			
CDC and state/local guidance on what to do when someone has a known exposure.				
Return to Work after Worker Exposure to COVID-19				
	Employees should be advised about the <u>returning to work</u> procedures. • Avoid sharing objects and equipment with other employees, including phones, desks, or other			
	 Avoid sharing objects and equipment with other employees, including phones, desks, or other workbenches, work tools and equipment, when possible. 			
	 Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces, like shared tools, machines, 			
	vehicles and other equipment, handrails, ladders, doorknobs, and portable toilets. Dirty			
	surfaces can be cleaned with soap and water before disinfection. To disinfect, use these EPA-			
	registered disinfectants.			
	 Follow CDC guidance for <u>discontinuing self-isolation</u> and returning to work after illness or 			
	discontinuing self-quarantine and monitoring after exposure, as appropriate for the			
	workplace.			
	 Utilize CDC guidance for <u>resuming business toolkit</u> for Coronaviru 	s Disease 2019 (COVID-19)		
Provi	de Education, Training, and Communication			
	Inform workplace flexibilities, including those concerning remote work and sick leave.			
	 Evaluate existing policies and, if needed, consider revisions that facilitate appropriate use of 			
	remote work, sick or other types of leave, and other options that	help minimize workers' risk		
	of exposure.			
	$^{\circ}$ Talk about workplace flexibilities, and ensure workers understand how to make use of			
	available options (e.g., sick leave and remote work policies).			
	 Communicate about what to do manage workplace fatigue during 	COVID-19 (e.g., <u>fatigue</u>		
	management).			
	Provide education and training to your workers on <u>symptoms</u> of COVID-			
	<u>exposure to SARS-CoV-2</u> ; where and how employees might be exposed i to prevent the <u>spread of COVID-19</u> at work.	In the workplace, and now		
Mental Health & Wellbeing Considerations				
	Talk about the tips to build resilience and manage job stress,	Name of employee		
	including:	assistance program point		
	 Talk openly with employees and/or unions about how the 	person(s):		
	pandemic is affecting work. Expectations should be			
	communicated clearly by everyone.			
	 Anticipate behavior changes in your employees. Watch for 	Contact information:		
	changes like increased irritation or anger, increased worry or			
	sadness, unhealthy eating or sleeping habits, and difficulty			
	concentrating. These may be signs that your employee is			
	struggling with stress or anxiety.			
	$^\circ$ Ensure that your company has a system in place to identify and			
	provide mental health services to employees in need of support.			

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